freedom from jars, and the delightful spirit of

brotherly cooperation.

4. In our American cities there is a class of persons whom we may not judge as before God, but who certainly do not stand well before their fellowmen, and yet who are often in the front in conventions and prayer-meetings. They are workers at large, "unattached," and often unrestrained by considerations which influence men who bear responsibility. These should not be allowed to come into prominence. They do much harm. They are not in reputation among them that are without, and the way to prevent religious movements from falling into such infelicitous hands is for men recognized as blameless and prudent Christians to be brought forward and employed. Nothing in Mr. Meody's operations has made it embarrassing for such men to

identify themselves with his work.
5. Let no man glory in ruin. This has been the motto and the strength of our brethren. May they be held to it. The truth of God; the great commanding vital truths, plainly spoken, in love, in faith, in prayer,—these have been employed by the Spirit of Life to make men carnest, devont, and pure in life. Who that sees, without profiting by, the deceit, violence, general distrust, and crime, that trouble all conditions of men among us, does not recognize the need of this renovating and elevating power? While we use all means open to us for bringing it into operation, let us not forget what is written-"He that glorieth let him glory in the Lord." Yours most truly,

New-York, Aug. 3, 1875.

PERSONAL.

Count Castilyo, a Portuguese poet and author, died a short time since in Lisbon.

Gen. Judson Kilpatrick lectured last year over a bundred times, and has already 36 engagements for this Winter for his new lecture, "The Irish Soldier in the War of the Kebellion." Capt. Paul Boyton has offered his services

maid of the mundation sufferers by proposing to Mine.

MacMahon to give at Paris on the 16th inst. a series of experiments with his life-saving dress. His offer has Count Corti's goods were sold at Newport,

Wednesday. They included many choice articles of retru, among which were two Spanish cabinets of chony and trustle shell of the 17th century. One was purchased by Mr. Levi P. Morton for \$122, and the other by Mr. Philip Schuyler for \$110. Senator Morrill of Maine was presented furing the late session of Congress with \$500 by a New-

Ouring the tase seems of their appreciation of his action in a matter affecting their business interests. Mr. Morrill returned the money by the next mail, intimating to the mercantile gentlemen that he was not that sort of a Sen-The twenty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of Archbishop Aliemany and his location in San Francisco was celebrated in that city last week. He was presented with a full set of pontineal robes, valued at \$1,500, a check for \$5,000, a span of horses and a coupé, and numerous other costry presents.

Card nal McCloskey will sail for Havre by the steamer Pereire of the French Transatlantic line at 9 o'clock this morning. The Cardinal will be accompanied by his Secretary, the Rev. John M. Farley. From Havre, sa sircady in rounced in The Trintus, he will proceed to Rome to receive from the hands of the Pope the full insignia of his new dignity. He will return to this city in November.

Mr. Paul Gerrard, an old member of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade of London, England, recently died in that city. He was attached to the Fire Department for over a half a century, and was rewarded for meritorious services on the occasion of the burning of the Houses of Partiament, the Royal Exchange, and other public buildings. His funeral was a public one in recognition of his services and of the respect in which he was held. Mr. Paul Gerrard, an old member of the

A statue of Richard Baxter was unvailed at Kidderminster, England, on the 21st of July. It is of Bicilian marble, and of colossal size, being 22 feet in hight from the foundation. On the pedestal of polished gray granite, the following legend is inscribed : "Between he years 1641 and 1660 this town was the scene of the the years 1641 and 1660 this town was the section of Richard Baxter, renowned equally for his Christian learning and his pastoral fidolity. In a stormy and divided age he advocated unity and comprehension, pointing the way to 'pverhasting rest.' Churchmen and Nonconformists united to raise this memorial A. D. 1375."

A correspondent writes from Haverfordwest, South Wales, to The London Times, concerning the sale of rare books in this city, and adds: "I have a volume of rare books in this city, and adds: "I have a volume of rare tracts, including one 'Penn's Further Account of Pennsylvania, 1685,' which contains an account of Philadelphia—its streets, produce, &c., with the names of parties who have made erections—e. g., Arthur Cook, William Frampton, John Wheeler, John Day. All is so minute that it would be very interesting as a sort of Peppy's diary. Should this meet the eye of a Pennsylvanian I should be happy to communicate with nim and let him see the volume."

The following incident in the life of Madame MacMahou is related : In the middle of the Winter Are broke out in the female seminary at Linoges, France, and spread with such rapidity that it was feared all the immates would perish. Suddenly there was a cry that one little girl had been left in her room. As the excited spectators were beginning to pray for the un-fortunate child, a tall girl, with disheveled blonde hair and flowing night gown, cut through the crowd, and, with and flowing nightgown, cut through the crowd, and, with a shrick of "Fil save her!" that rose above the sound of cracking timbers and failing massonry, dashed into the doorway. A load hurran that was profonged to the echo only to be repeated again attracted the attention of the devotees, and the pale-faced kirl was seen skipping through the flames with the ternified child. A few day thereafter King Louis Philippe sent the heroine a gold medal for her bravery, and a captain of the French army, who had witnessed the girl's pluck, begged an introduction. The captain is now Freshdent of France and the brave girl Madame blackMahon.

Love Brayell, N. J., Aug., 6.—Attorney.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 6 .- Attorney-General Edwards Pierrepont, accompanied by Jesse Grant, son of the President, arrived here this morning over the New Jersey Southern Kairroad. They were met at the denot by the President, who escorted them in his carriage to his cottage.

POLITICAL NOTES.

It is reported at Senator Jarvis Lord is not a caudidate for reflection. There is a venerable story about a dog that had similar sentiments about a supper which was not forthcoming.

It is generally agreed by the Republican press of this State that the next party platform must contain an anti-third term resolution. The Utica Herald, noticing this fact, says: "It ought to have had a place in the platferm last year. No one can oppose it now, without meaning in scalef to the party and to the coun-

Senator Thurman is having a harder time of it every day. The inflation organ at Cincinnati has been getting madder and madder over his speech, and now it declares: " As Mr. Thurman had very little, if any, hand in making the Ohio Democratic platform, we shall object to his authority to interpret it before the people." Still, this is a free country, and freedom of speech is an insti-tution which even a soft-money advocate should be chary about running his head against. There has been a good deal of grumbling

at the recently adjourned Constitutional Convention of Missouri, but it seems to have done its work well, if the opinions of the State press are to be trusted. The St. Louis Republican points out the new features in the new instrument, and adds: "We are of the decided opinion this new Constitution is so far in advance of the present organic law, with reference to the practical inci-dents of government, that the people will ratify it by an overwhelming majority."

So the Republican party is not altogether harmonious in Wisconsin after ali. It is only a short time since The Milwaukee Sentinel assured us that the old animosities had all died out and everything was lovely. Since then the same journal has been insinuating that the reunited party was a unit in favor of ex-Senator Carpenter's return to the Senate. Whereupon the organ of ex-Gov. Washburn makes this discordant suggestion : "We would suggest to The Milwankee Sentinel that ex Benator Carpenter is not running on the State ticket this year, and that any attempt to flood him into popular favor on the strength of the popularity of the ticket nominated will be a failure. Leave the dead in quietude."

Pennsylvania politicians say that Senator Wallace has decided that Judge Ross is to be their candidate for Governor, and boast that there is a chance of his getting wide support, and especially the support of The Philadelphia Times, which would be of great value, since that paper has made much the most notable success of recent years in Philadelphia journalism. The pullie will not receive the announcement with enthustasm. The n musation of Rigler would command con-fidence, but suspecton will be aroused by setting him asing to make room for any man whom Senator Wallace may have selected.

If the third-term question is dead, as is repeatedly asserted, it makes a very restless sort of a ghost. It is continually putting in an appearance in one place or another. It was around Rochester the other day causing The Democrat and Chronicle to remark : We are quite certain that the masses of the Republican party do not sympathize with the third-term movement, and while they cutertain the highest respect for the

mity among local ministers before entering on effort | character and the most profound gratitude for the per vices of the President, they are firm in the conviction that they can select a man whose nomination, equally with that of the present Executive, would be a pronounced expression for the principles of National honor and sound finances and would not be amenable to the criticism which would necessarily occur if the party had the temerity to violate the 'unwritten law' of the republic. We mention this subject simply for the purpose of emphasizing the duty of Republican conventions to take a firm position upon the third term, and so show that it cannot be a foolish thing in itself, or any despite to the President, for Republicans authoritatively to condemn the idea, which has found lodgment, we fear, in many minds. If there is danger of the third term becoming an issue, the obligation is imperative to repudiate it in the name of the party. If there is no danger, anti-third term resolutions can do no harm."

Somebody is going to be ruined in the prophet ousiness by the Ohio election. Both sides are indulging in the most confident predictions of victory. Thus The Cincinnati Commercial says: "The defeat of Allen will be overwhelming if there should not be an unexpected force in the appeals that are being made to those who have not saved anything to hate those who have somehing, and therefore to vote the Democratio ticket an get some of the 'more money' promised, wheh the perennial paper-mills shall hum and green ink shall shine perennial paper-mills shall hum and green ink shall shine over the happy land." The Enquirer is more emphatic in its expressions, declaring: "From the beginning of this canvass we can say to our friends at a distance, there has not been the slightest doubt of the election of Gov. Allen. It was nover doubted by any intelligent person. Since the financial question has been made the only issue it is conceded his majority will reach high up into the tens of thousands. Gov. Hayes has as much chance of being elected Governor for a third term as he has of being struck with lightning."

The prospect of having Mr. Randall Speaker of the next House of Representatives does not please The Utica Observer. It calls him an "inflationist, a Protectionists, a back-payster, and a salary grabber," and says " He is not only out of accord with the great body of the Democracy on issues of vital importance, but he lacks the essential qualification for leadership-honesty. While that miserable scheme was in progress for robbing the tax-payers of \$2,000,000 and dividing it among Congressmen in the name of back-pay, Mr. Randail made himself offensively preminent. On one occasion he provoked the thieves to laughter by telling them that he voked the thieves to laughter by telling them that he never heard of but one man who refused to take all the salary that he could get, and that man was left at home by his discusted constituents." The man whom The Observer prefers for Speaker is Mr. M. C. Kerr of Indiana, "whose purity was never shadowed by suspicion," and who is in "perfect accord with the party on the vital issues of the day." As for Mr. Cox, The Observer thinks the time has come for him "to render the party a conspicuous service through a sacrifice of his personal ambition" by voluntarity withdrawing his name from the contest.

THE PARTIES AND THE CURRENCY.

Eight States have thus far spoken through her party conventions on the currency question. So far es their utterances show anything, their meaning is that oth parties have absolutely no coherence on the subject. of the seven Republican Conventions which have been held, four-Maine, Minnesota, Iowa, and Wisconsin-are frenkly in favor of honest money and resumption; one-Pennsylvania-demands inflation, and two-Kentucky and Ohio-are about evenly balanced between the two extremes. Of the five Democratic Conventions which have been held, three-Maine, Minnesota, and Maryland -favor honest money and resumption, and two-Ohio and Iowa-demand inflation. The Kentucky Democrats had nothing to say on the subject. The Ohio platforms are as follows:

are as follows:

Republican.

That the policy of finance should be steadily pursued which, without unnecessary shock to business or trade, shock to business or trade, should be steadily sursued which, without unnecessary shock to business or trade, so that the contraction of Republican party, and the further contraction proposed by it with a view to the forced resumption of specie payments has already brought disaster to the business of the country, and threatens it with general bankruptcy and ruin. We demand that this policy be abandoned, and that the volume of the currency be made and kept equal to the wants of trade, leaving the restoration of legal tenders to par with gold, to be brought about by promoting the industries of the people, not by destroying them.

In Maine the platforms are very similar in their utter-

In Maine the platforms are very similar in their utterances, that of the Democrats being a little more specific and unequivocal. They are as follows:

Republican.

A sound currency based on coin and redecimable in coin is essential to the presperity of the people. We therefore approve all judicious legislation looking to that end.

Democratic.

A sound currency, coin or its equivalent, essential to atability in business, and a restoration of prosperity; steps toward specie payments, and no step backward.

The Minnesota platforms are almost precisely alike, as will be seen from reading them:

Republican.

That on the prominent questions of the day we favor that policy of finance which shall steadily keep in view the return to specie payments.

Democratic.

A return to gold and silver as a basis of the currency of the country, with preparatory and effective incasures to secure the resumption of specie payments. There is a wide difference on the subject between the two Iowa platforms. The Democratic plank means simple inflation, while the Republican is a frank ex-

pression in favor of honest money and

sumption of specie payments: Republican. We favor the early attain-

we are in tayor of the re-sumption of specie pay-ments as soon as the same can be done without injury to the business interests of the country, and maintain a sufficient supply of Na-tional currency for business purposes. Opposition to the present National Banking

In Kentucke the Democratic party made no utterane on the subject. The Republicans plucked up a little more comage, though they were unable to make a square declaration, and felt bound to upset what they did say by coupling with it an abourd indorsement of the Administration floundering.

ministration floundering.

We approve the financial policy of the Administration as set forth by the President and Secretary of the Treasury, and we hold that the financial legislation of Congress should be steadily directed to the resumption of specie payments at the earliest date consistent with the business interests of the country.

Only one party, the Republicau, has thus far spoken in

Pennsylvania. The resolution demands inflation as follows:

Free banking, a safe and uniform National currency djusted to the growing wants of the business interests of the country, and a steady reduction of the National In Wisconsin the Republican is as yet the only ticket in the field. The currency plank of the platform is as

foliows:

follows:

We favor the early attainment of a currency convertible with coin, and therefore advocate the gradual resumption of specie payments by continuous steps in that direction, in such manner as to disturb the business interests of the country as little as possible.

The Republicans of Maryland have held no convenience. tion yet. The Democrats have adopted this admirable

We protest against any increase of the circulating currency, but demand that such measures be adopted by Congress which will lead to the resumption of specie payments at the earliest possible moment.

PUBLIC OFINION.

You might as well expect a Presbyterian to join a circus, or Clara Louise Kellogg to play on the boomerang, as to expect any man who ever had a drop of Republican blood in his veins to support Bourbonism.— [Des Moines State Journal (Rep.)

[Des Moines State Journal (Rep.)

Here, as in New-York, the internal fight among the Democracy is of the short-harrand-swallow-tail order. The respectability of the party is endeavoring to rescue what remains of it from the roughs who have soiled its reputation by their touch for the last fifteen years.—[Philadelphia Press (Rep.)

There is a division of sentiment in the Democratic ranks on the money question, just as there is a division in the ranks of men of all sects and all parties on that question; but there is no division of sentiment among the Democrate of Ohio on the question of support-ing the Democrate ticket. On that point the Democrate are united.—¡Cleveland Paim Dealer (Dem.)

are unted.—(Leveland F.am Deater (Dem.)
In spite of the unusual activity of the Republicans and the slugatsh canvasa of the bemocrats, the Republicans have not reduced the Democratic majority in Kentucky, but, on the contrary, the Democratic majority is positively increased! The result in Kentucky, under all the circumstances, is a great victory for the bemocracy and a barometer of the general tendency of political opinion in the Southern States.—(Synchuse Courier (Dem.)

The wholesome results of an intrepid party The wholesome results of an intrepid party policy in regard to financial questions are illustrated by the effect of the Public Credit act upon the sreposition to pay the Five-twenties in greenbacks. If fewer concessions had been made to the more money clamor that delusion also might before now have received its quietus. Political cowardice is the food that demagogry thrives upon.—[Ohio State Journal (Rep.)

It is evident that the managers of the domi-It is evident that the managers of the domi-nant party despair of obtaining pepular indorsement upon issues growing out of its administration of the Gov-ernment during the ten years that have passed since the close of the war. They must contrive to have, in reality or in simulation, the battle upon war issues fought all over again, or they are lost. It should be the study of the opposition to allow them no pretext for parading in the guise of life, as political bugbears, the dry bones of buried controversies.—[Galveston News (Dem.)

He was a mean man who, when asked for his money or his life, requested the burgiar to take the life of his wife, as she could not possibly live if he died, but he could worry along without her.

DANIEL O'CONNELL

Continued from Pirat Page.

length, and the procession extended over the entire distance. It is estimated that there were nearly 40,000 people in line. The houses and sidewalks along the route were crowded with dense masses of spectators. There was great cheering as the procession marched past O'Connell's house and the City Hall, where the Grat Chemical Control of the City Hall, where the Grat Chemical Colleges the first oration against the Union. Liberator delivered his first oration against the Union. The members of the Fenian Amnesty Association marched with a banner at their head hung with chains. Their flags were draped with crape, and other emblem of mourning were displayed. Their appearance attracted

general attention, but the demonstration caused no dis-

order during the progress of the procession. Dr. Isaac Butt and other Home Rule members of Parliament marched with the Association.
In Sackville-st., as the divisions of the procession with bands playing arrived and took up their positions, the scene was grand and stirring. Long before all had arrived the commemorative ceremonies began at the site of the monument. Lord O'Hagan, who was to have de-livered the oration of the day, was not able to be present, and the Lord Mayor of Dublin came forward to read it to the assembled multitude. The moment he appeared there were great uproar and confusion. The members of the Fenian Amnesty Association had moved up to the front of the platform, and as the Lord Moyor began to speak they shook the chains attached to their banner in his face, and drowned his voice with shouts of "No Whigners" and lead and long continued again. gery" and loud and long-continued cries for Dr. Butt. The Mayor made a second attempt to read the speech but finding it impossible to make himself heard, he with

drew from the platform and proceeded to his carriage under the protection of the police. Dr. Butt, in response to repeated calls, then made a speech reviewing the career of O'Connell and thanking the people for their praiseworthy conduct during the day.

He was most enthusiastically cheered.

Speeches were also made by Mr. O'Connor Power, member of Parliament for Mayo County, and Mr. A. M.

Sullivan, member for Louth.

The proceedings then ended, and the vast assemblage peaceably dispersed. With the exception of the scene in front of the platform there was no serious disturbance

throughout the day.

The sermon delivered by Dr. Croke yesterday is much admired for its eloquence, but is sharply criticised by Liberal Catholics for drawing anew an ultramontane line which virtually excludes Liberals from the Church. The Dublin Mail says nine parts of the discourse were devoted to the Church and one to O'Connell.

DISORDERLY SCENE AT THE LORD MAYOR'S BANQUET. DUBLIN, Aug. 6-Midnight .- A grand banquet, at which the Lord Mayor presided, was given at quet, at which the Lord Mayor presided, was given at the Exhibition Palace this evening. The proceedings were marked by no incident of interest until one of the regular toasts, viz., "The Legislative Independence of Irelend," was reached. This the Mayor su-nounced, and called on Sir Charles Gavan Puffy to respond. Mr. Duffy, on rising, was greeted with tremendous uproar and shouts for Butt. For communications and shouts for Butt. For 20 minutes there was a scene of wild disonler. The Mayor made repeated attempts to gain a hearing, but in vain, and vacated the chair. Dr. Butt then began to speak, when the gas was extinguished and the company dispersed in great confusion before the series of regular toasts was finished.

THE DAY CELEBRATED AT BRADFORD AND GLASGOW. London, Aug. 6 .- There were large and spirited celebrations of the O'Connell centenary to-day in Bradford and Glasgow.

THE DAY ELSEWHERE. MASTERLY ORATION BY WENDELL PHILLIPS IN BOSTON.

Boston, Aug. 6 .- The O'Connell meeting at Music Hall to-night was one of the grandest demonstrations ever witnessed in this city. The immense building was crowded to overflowing, and hundreds were unable to gain admission. The Hall was elaborately deco rated. Some 200 persons occupied the rated. Some 200 persons occupied the platform, including the Committee of Arrangements, Gov. Gaston. Gen. Banks. Wm. Lloyd Garrison, and Fathers Lyudan. Healey, Flatterly, Griffin, and others. A poem, entitled "A Nation's Test," was read by John Boyle O'Reilly. An oration on the life and services of Daniel O'Connell was delivered by Wendell Phillips, which is pronounced the master effort of Mr. Phillips's life. The day was appropriately observed in Portland, Bangor, and other cities of New-England.

THE EXERCISES AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul., Minn., Aug. 6.—The O'Connell Centenary celebration in this city passed off in fine style. In the morning services were held in the Cathedral, and in the afternoon a grand procession of the various Irish societies of St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Stillwater took place. The St. Paul Robert Banks Literary Society, colored, the City Council, Board of Education, the Fire De ored, the City Council, Board of Education, the Fire De-partment, and a long line of carriages proceeded to the City Park, where speceaes, music, e.e., were indulged in. Perhaps the finest speech of the day was delivered by Robert Banks, a colored barber of this city, who gave his personal recollections of O'Connell. The most inter-esting feature of the proceedings was the fraternization of the colored and Irish citizens, which was hearty and compilete.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 6 .- The O'Connell Centennial was celebrated to-day by a parade of various Catholic Societies, and by an open-air demonstration in Druid Hall Park. The open-air meeting was presided over by Mayor Vansant, and was attended by 5,000 persons. The Hon. Win. E. Robinson of New-York delivered the address, after which the Hon. Win. Preston of Baltimore paid a glowing and cloquent enlogy to the great irishman.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING IN ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6 .- The O'Connell Centennial was celebrated in Martin Hall to-night under anspices of the Hibernian Provident and the United Irishmen Associations. Eloquent addresses were made by Dr. James C. Hannan, Mr. Joseph B. Reilly, Mr. James Brice Desmond, Mr. S. Lamb, Mr. Thomas W. Cantwell, Col. John S. Dickerman, and others. The andience was very enthusiastic. Klein's band was present. The proceedings were not over until nearly midnight.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

REMINISCENCES OF THE EX-PRESIDENT.

REMINISCENCES OF THE EX-PRESIDENT.

A PREMONITION OF HIS DEATH.

Prom a letter in The Louiseitte Courier-Journal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 2.—When, not long stace, Col. Crawford was about visiting his old home at Greenville, East Tennessee, Mr. J. Stewart of Baltimore sent by him a friendly message to Senator Johnson, to the effect that he was now the only independent man in public life, and his course in keeping out of caucuses, and meeting cach question on its merits, irrespective of party dictation, gave him great power for good; that the independent men of the country sympathized with his attitude, and ne would find them a growing constituency to uphold and strengthen his hands. Col. Crawford delivered his message in a personal interview with the ex-President who expressed himself as gratified. He said he was coming to Washington about the first of August, and added: "I am winding up my personal affairs. I wish to be my own executor. I have had a bad feeling in my head, which makes me fear apoplexy, and a man liable to that kever knows how suddenly he may be cut off."

He was to have been in Washington this week to look after his money in the hands of the receiver of the First National Bank.

TWO INCIDENTS CHARACTERISTIC OF THE MAN.

TWO INCIDENTS CHARACTERISTIC OF THE MAN

After his money in the hands of the receiver of the First National Bank.

TWO INCHDENTS CHARACTERISTIC OF THE MAN. Prom a communication to The Brooklyn Times.

Our purpose now is to relate two incidents which seem to us quite characteristic of the man. When Mr. Johnson was appointed Military Governer of Tennessee, he proceeded to the scone of his duties filled with the most vigorous intentions, and conscious of the perils he had to heave. Before leaving Washington he intrusted all the wealth he had (which was contained in a tin box far from large) to a young man who was them holding a cherkship in the Senate, bidding him to be very careful of it, and in case the worst happened to hand it over to the heirs. The other incident, which is far more important, displays the same bravery in a less favorable light; but the complete trustfulness is turned into utter distrust. To premise, it is necessary to recall somewhat the state of a fiding in Washington after Mr. Johnson had broken with his party. Senators Doolittle and Dixen had left their party to support the President, and, of course, the President was bound, by all the usages to support them; and this he sid at times. No doubt Mr. Doolittle was consulted almost as if he were a member of the Cabinet; and Mr. Dixon, (who, despite this erroneous affiliation, was one of the most cumning and far-sceing men of his time), probably wielded more influence with Mr. Johnson than any member of the Cabinet except Mr. Seward. They approved the President's policy and they were taken into counsel in framing the measures it comprehended. They approved the President's policy and they were false in the measure of the great War Secretary. They had advised with him regarding this important measure. They knew the bitterness and range this step would provoke, and they sought to dissuade the Fresident from his purpose, temporarily at least. And several days before the event he had promised them to take no action in the matter without first consulting them. The vening before the day on w

has removed Mr. Stanton! What can be done!" "We can do nothing," said Mr. Declittle, "he will be impeached!" The Secretary could be detained no longer the message was read. The consequences are stready matters of written history.

GENERAL POLITICAL NEWS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CANVASS. THE CONVENTION AT ERIE NEXT MONTH-EX-GOV. BIGLER AND JUDGES ROSS AND PERSHING IN THE

FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.-In a little more than' a month—on Sept. 8—the Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention will be held at Erie. The canvass for the mination for Governor has thus far been a remarkably quiet one, but it has afforded a notable evidence of the improved tone of current politics. At the outset at least a score of ambitious candidates took the field. They were dignity of a seat in the Législature or the possession of some other office, or they were worn-out politicians, who have managed to induce somebody to put them forward at almost every convention. The appearance of these aspirants was received by the public with total indifference. Nobody resognized their "claims" except the editors of local sheets controlled by them. One after another dropped out of sight. From a scramble of second-rate men for place the canvess changed its aspect and became a search by the party for a first-rate man. A few weeks of dead calm ensued. The subject seemed to fade out of the public mind until it was revived by a frank announcement on the part of ex-Gov. William Bigler of his willingness to be the nominee. Pub lic opinion in the party began to crystallize rapidly around Mr. Bigler. His prominent connection with the Centen. nial Celebration-a work which the people of Pennsylva

Mr. Bigler. His prominent connection with the Centennial Celebration—a work which the people of Pennsylvania have very close at heart—was an additional element of sirrigih. His age and the fact that his public services were rendered in what now seem the "good old times," increased his chances of success with the Convention, and were looked upon as strong points in his favor in the campaign, if he should be nominated. At first, the politicians controlling the party were disposed to recard his candidacy as absurd. They kept up their search among themselves for a man strong enough to put up against Gov. Hartranft, and paid no attention to the Old School Democratic leader who had been Governor before most of them were children. Of late, however, they have discovered that the "antediturian fossil," as some of them call him, is really a power. Since then there have been many consultations and much running to and fro. By and by there will be a candidate supported by Senator William A. Wallace and the men who controlled the State Convention last Summer and the Democratic majority in the Legislature last Winter. That it will be one of two men is almost certain—Jadge Pershing of Schuylkill County, or Judge Henry P. Ross of Bucks. Both may go into the Convention with good prospects, and in that case the Wallace "clique" will select the stronger. When the local candidates who have secured a few complimentary votes from their home delegations small drop out, the fight will probably be between Bigler, Ross, and Pershing, and most likely in the final struggle between the two former. Althouch neither of them is as widely known as the ex-Governor, both the Judges are able men. Judge Pershing had the independence to run against his party a few years age, and was elected by the votes of the labor element. Judge Ross is now on the bench of the District Court, and failed of the nomination for Supreme Judge last year after an exceedingly close contest. Nothing can be urged against these rendernen except that they scarcely fill the m

THE DECLINATION OF SECRETARY WILLERS. THE VOLUNTARY CLOSE OF FOURTEEN YEARS OF OFFICIAL LIFE-HIS RESOLUTION UNCHANGEA-BLE-PLANS FOR THE FUTURE.

M A REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. ALBANY, Aug. 6 .- Diedrich Willers, Secretary of state, stated to-day that he persists in his intention to decline a renomination, as expressed in his recen letter to The Poughkeepsie Eagle. He had come to that determination, he said, when his brother died a month ago. Confidential relations of the strongest character had existed between himself and his brother, who was Chief Clerk of the office, and upon whom the most responsible duties of the office had devolved. The Secretary has been unable to fill the vacant clerkship in any manner acceptable to himself, and double duties and responsibilities have consequently fallen upon him. a pleasant office to him, though with somewhat more honor and responsibility than pay, attached to it. It would not be very irksome, except for the outside duties develving upon its incumbent, as a member of the Canal Board, the Board of Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, the Board of Regents of the University, the Commissioners of Charity, and numerous other organizations, upon which his position compels his attendance. Upon these Boards Secretary Willers's attendance is almost continuous. The general criticism showered upon these Boards as a whole, when any wrong or unpopular meas ure has been authorized by them, always reflects upon each member of them, regardless of the way in which his individual vote was cast, and in his whole public career, Mr. Willers thinks that the severest criticism upon him has been because of action by those Boards against which

Mr. Willers entered the office of Secretary of State in ministrations of Secretaries Tucker, Jones, and Ballard. He was private secretary to Gov. Seymour in 1864, and was appointed Deputy Secretary of State in 1868, under Homer A. Nelson, remaining such until 1871. In 1872 he was in the Executive Department under Gov. Hoff man, remaining there until 1873. He was then elected Secretary of State, which position he now holds. Mr. Willers is yet comparatively a young man. He is about 47 years of age, and while retiring thus early from a high and honorable position, cannot be expected to re-linquish all political aspirations for the future. He will return at the close of his term to his home in Seneca County, where he will remain at leisure for some time. His father, Diedrich Willers, sr., lives in Fayette, Seneca County, and, at the age of 78, is still hale and hearty, pursuing z alously the vocation of a elergyman. He was born in Germany, and was a soldier in the army of the Ailies at Waterloo.

ACCEPTANCE OF A TEMPERANCE NOMINATION. PHELPS, N. Y., Aug. 6.-The Hon. Geo. B. Dusenberrie has written a long communication to the Chairman of the Prohibition State Executive Committee. approving the piatform of the late Syracuse Convention, and formally accepting the nomination for Secretary of

DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN KENTUCKY 45,000. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 6.-The indications new are that Mr. McCreery has carried the State by from 5,000 to 8,000 more votes than were east for Mr. Leslie in 1871. The majority may reach 45,000. It is probable that the call for a Constitutional Convention is lost.

A HALT IN THE TELEGRAPH COMBINATION.

Mr. Jay Gould seems to be defeated in the effort to secure an immediate combination of the Western Union and Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Companies. There is, at least, no indication that negotiations have advanced a single step since the scheme was broached some weeks ago, and thus far it has amounted merely to stock-jobbing. Whether the requisite power to carry out the scheme will be gained in the next election remains to be seen. It is still currently believed in Wail-st. that Gould did have enough Western Union stock to control the election.

Reports of another company organized against the Western Union in California are now confirmed. Senator Sharon, Michael Reese, Calvin W. Kellogg, and other heavy capitalists are among the stockholders. It is declared on their behalf that they at least will not be willing to sell out under any circumstances to the Western Union, and that, if the Atlantic and Pacific should, they will undertake speedily to replace the opposition facili ties it now possesses.

THE WESTERN CROPS.

THE CORN CROP ENORMOUS IN KANSAS.

From The Atchison (kin.) Champion, July 31.

"There never was such weather for corn!" said a farmer to us a few days ago. Alternate rains and sunshins, a warm atmosphere, and abundant moisture—the conditions are indeed favorable, and you can almost see the corn grow now days. That left untouched by the locusts is from 10 to 15 feet high, and almost every stalk has upon it from two to three ears. The replanted corn is from four to seven feet high, standing very thick and growing with wonderful vigor and rapidity. The area planted in corn this year is unusually large—fully one-third groater, we should think, than any former year. The corn crop of Kansas this season will be enormous.

THE ARMY WORM IN LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO.

From The Tetedo (Ohio) Blade, Aug. 2.

Farmers inform us that the stown has not materially checked the ravages of the army worm. It is safe to say, however, that up to this time the farmers as a class are more scared than hurt, the worms having confined their operations to comparatively few fields. That they may increase in numbers and destructiveness is

THE RECENT RAINS IN GEORGIA.

From the Macon (Ga.) relegraph and Messenger, Aug. 3.

But now, from the indications of the heavens, a general rain is reviving all nature, and though much of the corn has been sadly injured, yet it will be worth millions of buahels to the South. The portion of the crop planted late will almost wholly recover if the good season continues, while all will be signally benefited in the

increased fullness of the ear. Rice, too, where it had not headed out, will recover in a great measure, and the pea and potato slip crope may yet reach a fair average. The farmer, therefore, must be up and doing. His first thought should be to supplement the scanty promise of corn and fodder by sowing more peas and fodder-corn in the drill and preparing a large area for turnips. We learn from Conductor Bass that heavy rains fell on Sunday upon the line of the South-Western Railroad to its terminus at Clayton, Ala., and far beyond, and also all the way from Smithville via Albany to Thomasville. Mr. Poole of the Pulaski House, Savannah, reports magnificent rains on the coast, likewise, where the deepest sysmps and ponds had dried up, and the sea water was poisoning the rice in the deltas of the Savannah, Ogeochee, and Altamaha Rivers. To-day a succession of refreshing showers rapidly succeed each other, and all nature smiles and rejoices under their giad influence. Laus Deo-never doubt a benignant Providence.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Saturday, Aug. 7-1 a. m.
Synopsis for the past 24 hours.
Heavy rains prevail in the Middle States and lower lake region, with brisk southerly to westerly winds and low barometer.
Light rains, followed by clearing and cool weather, are reported from the upper lake regions, where the barometer has resen, with north to west winds.
Generally clear weather continues in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, except rains in the Lower Mississippi Valleys.
Clear weather prevails in the North-West, where the temperature has failen slightly, with northerly winds.
The Ohio River has risen 11 inches at Cincinnati, 2½ feet at Louisville, 9 inches at Evansville, and 5 inches at Paducah. It has failen rapidly at Marietta and Pittsburgh.
The Mississippi has risen slightly at the stations between Cairo and Vicksburg, and failen 10 inches at St. Louis.

Probabilities.

For New-England, cool, cloudy weather and rain will

Louis.

Probabilities.

For New-England, cool, cloudy weather and rain will prevail, with severe local storms, south-east to south-west winds and falling batometer.

The Ohlo River will rise slowly at stations below Louis-ville and fall at stations above Cineinnati.

For the Middle States and lower lake region RAIN and lower temperature than on Friday, with brisk to high north-west to south-west winds, followed by clearing weather and rising barometer from Virginia northward to Lake Eric.

For the upper lake region, generally clear weather and

For the upper lake region, generally clear weather and northerly to westerly winds, with rising barometer and slight changes in temperature.

For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri and the Ohio Valley, clear or fair weather, stationary or rising temperature, slowly rising barometer, and north to west winds, followed by falling barometer and southerly winds west of the Upper Mississippi.

For the South Atlantic, Guif States, and Tennessee partly cloudy warm weather, south-west to north-west winds, slowly rising barometer and area of rain except in the southern and central portions of the South Atlantic States.

States.

The Mississippi will continue to rise from Cairo to Vicksburg and the danger will increase during Saturday—Cautionary signals continue at stations on Lakes Ontario, Eric, and Huron, and stations on the Atlantic coast from Cape Hatteras to Eastport.

CAPTURE OF SMUGGLERS AND THEIR GOODS. There has been for several days an impression among Custom-house officials that an effort would be made, on the arrival of the steamer City of New-York was sent to the Lower Bay to wait the steamer's arrival, and keep a careful watch of her movements. Yesterday

from Havana, to smuggle another lot of cigars, and possibly other articles, into this port. A revenue cutter Quarantine, and late last evening news came to the Cus-tom-house barge office that a large number of calf-skins tom-nouse barge office that a large number of calf-skins and several thousand cigars had been seized by Inspectors Kane, Hugan, and McCort. Several small boats came prowing around the vessel, when the Custom-house officers gave chase to them, but they were not cap-tured until after the persons in them had been fired upon. Two men were taken aboard the revenue cutter, where they will be held until to-day before bringing them ashore.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Major Wm. H. Johnston, Paymaster U. S. A., has been relieved from duty in the Depart-ment of the Gulf, and ordered to duty at St. Louis, Mo. Assis-tant Surgeon D. L. Huntington has been relieved from duty in the Department of California, and ordered to report in person to the Surgeon General.

NAVY ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Lieut.-Commander Geo. W. Wood is ordered to ordinate duty at the New York Navy Yard. Passed Assistant Engineer J. G. Brosnalan is ordered to the New York Navy Yard. Cadet Engineers W. A. Little and Geo. H. Babbitt are ordered to the Sew York Navy Yard. Englavers W. A. Little and Geo. H. Babbitt are ordered to the Swatara. Mid-shipman R. H. McLean is detached from the Pensacola and placed on waiting orders. Passed Assistant Engineer Chas. H. Greenieal Is detached from the New York Navy Yard, and ordered to the Powlatan, in place of Passed Assistant Engineer Wm. L. Nicoli, detached from that vessel and ordered to the Naval Academy.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Wilmington, Aug. 6.—Spirits Turpentine steady at 27 50 Rosin steady at \$1.35 for Strained. Tar steady at \$2.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. FROM LONDON-In stemaship Holland, Aug. 6.-W. Matthews, Thomas Matthews, J. Grofg.

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

[For other Ship News see Fifth Page.] ARRIVED.

Bark Lidskjalf (Nor.), Gundersen, Bristol, E., July 3, in bal last.

Bark Fornjot (Nor.), Svendsen, Dundalk July 9, in ballast.

Is anchored in Lower Bay for orders.

Bark President (new, 875 tons), Parker, of and 9 days from Windsor, N. S., with plaster.

Bark Sahine, Williams, Liverpool 41 days, with mdse.

Bark Samuel (Nor.), Flagestadt, Shields 53 days, with

Brig Dorothes (Dun.), Waner, Santos June 14, via Hampton | The Great English Remedy for Gout and Rhenmation

First Deboran Science, with sugar-with sugar-Schr. Delia O. Yates (of Damariscotta), Yates, Milk River, Jam., 15 days, with logwood. Schr. Ella Prown (of Machias). Brown, Drydequash, N. B., 9 days, with spiling. Schr. John. Williamson, of and 15 days from St. John, N. B., sehr, John, whatmen, dan dan the self-time with lumber.
Sehr, Marguret, Clark, Mülbridge, with lumber.
Sehr, Lizzle Cochrane, Hopkins, Banger, with lumber.
Sehr, Sylvan Glen, Hall, Georgee Banks, with fish.
Sehr, John, Gabriel, Campeachy 28 days, with self-Richard Hill, Smal, Georgetown, D. G.

Schr. Richard Hill, Smail, Georgetown, D. C.

SAHLED.

Bark N. S. de los Angeles, for Santander.

WIND—sunset, moderate, S.S.E., cloudy.

MEMORANDA.

MEMORANDA.

MOBILE, Aug. 6.—Brig Erie, from Baltimore, which arrives
here to-day, has been ashere on Baltames Banks, jettisones
small portion of her cargo of iron ties. Vessel is leaking slight
ity, and with have to haid out.

DISASTERS.

HAIPAN, N. S., Aug. 6.—The ship Wm. Wilson (Br.), is re
ported wrecked on Saide Island. The crew have been saved
but the vessel is loss.

ported wrecked on Sable Island. The crew have been saved, but the vessel is lest. QUEREC, Aug. 8.—Schr. Lady Elgin, with a cargo of salt and flour for Labrador, struck on a sunken rock at the breakwater this morning, when her bottom can a sut, and vessel and cargo became a total loss. The vessel is insured.

July 2 (no lat.), lon. 54, ship Geo. Bell, from St. John, N. B. for Liverpool.

B. W. BEDFORD, Aug. 6.—Arrived, bark Falcon, from Atlanic Ocean, whaling. NEW-ORLEANS, Aug. 6.—Cleared, steamship Juniata, for Ha-MARIONIAAS, Aug. 6.—Crared, scamsing Juniata, for Ha-PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 6.—Arrived, schr. George & Emily, from New-York for Yarmouth; bark Norton, Philadelphia. Cleared, schr. Annie Freeman, for Baracoa. SAN FIANCISCO, Aug. 5.—Cleared, ohips Alcatras (Br.), for CORE Bayard (Br.), do. WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 6.—Cleared, bchrs. Geo. D. Loud and Silver Spray, for Bath. CHARLESTON, Aug. 6.—Cleared, bark Maggie Reynolds, for Newcastle, E. Newcastle, E.
POIRT ROYAL, S. C., Aug. 6.—Sailed, steamship Montgomery, for New York.
SAVASNAH, Aug. 6.—Sailed, schr. Moses Williamson, for Baltimere.
VINEYARD-HAVEN, Aug. 5.—Arrived, brigs Florence, from Philadelphia for Portland; Walter Howes, do, for Bangor; schrs, J. B. Marshall, Pascagoula for Boston; H. A. Hont, Philadelphia for do.

Candenas, Aug. 4.—Sailed, H. Houston, North of Hatteras; schrs, E. B. Powell, Fauny R. Williams, and Lazzie Batchelder, for do. YAL, S. C., Aug. 6.—Sailed, steamship Montgomery,

callignas, Aug. 5.—Sailed, H. Hoakon, North of Hatchag, schrs. E. S. Poweil, Fauny R. Williams, and Lizzie Batchaider, for do.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 5.—Sailed, bark Emeraid (Nor.), for Hartlepsol. Arrived, 6th, schrs. Isaac Rich, Bay of Islands; Geo. F. Farr, Grand Banks for Gloucester.

HAYANA, Aug. 6.—Sailed, brig. Sportsman, for North of Hatteras, 6th, brigs Manuel (Sp.), for New-York; Geo. Burnham, N. of Hatteras.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 6.—Cleared, ship Minnie H. Gerow (Br.), for Liverpool. Tyro (Br.), do. Arrived, ship Andrew Lovell (Br.), from Bristol; bark St. Andrew (Br.), Dios, from Bremeb.

MATANZAS, Aug. 5.—Sailed, bark Robinson Crusos, North of Hatteras.

A Wrong Custom Corrected.

It is quite generally the custom to take strong liver stimm hants for the cure of liver complaint, and both the mineral and vegetable kingdoms have been diligently searched to produce the most thrastic and poisonous purgatives, in order to produce a powerful effect upon the liver, and arouse the lagging and en feebled organ. This system of treatment is on the same principle as that of giving a weak and debilitated man large portions of brandy to enable him to do a certain amount of work. When the summary is the system, gradually relapses into a more torpid or sluggish and weakened condition than before. What then is wanted! Medicines, which, while they cause the bile to flow freely from the liver, as that organ is toned into action, will not overwork and thus debilitate it, but will, when their use is discontinued, leave the liver strengthened and healthy. Such remedies are found in Da. Pikiak's Golder Medical Discovert and Publicative Prices.

A Cube of Liver Disease.

A CUBE OF LIVER DISEASE. RUSK, Texas, May 16, 1878.

DE. R. V. PIERGE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dr. R. V. PIERGE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Pounds, and is robust and hearty. She has taken eight bettee in all, so you see I am an advocate for your Medicines.

PROM THE NOTED SCOUT, "BUSPALO BILL"

DE. R. V. PIERGE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

SIE: I have now taken four bottles of your Goldent MEDICAL DISCOVERY in connection with your PRLIETS, and must say that nothing I have ever taken for my liver has done no as much good. I feed lik a new man. Thanks te your wonderful medicine.

W. F. COOT, ("Buffalo Bill.")

The health and vigor of the several organs of the body deposits apon the simple condition that the functions which pertain used shall be regularly and actively performed. If vitality is singuish or deficient, this condition is not properly fulfilled and a somesquence disease is soon inaugurated. Prevent is be a timely use of HOSERTIES'S STOMACH BITTERS, which roses with needful stamins. At the same time that the BITTERS is reported in the several shall be a timely used the same time that the BITTERS in the new attracts into the system, they correct those functional irregularities and local weaknesses which say the vital power. Dyspepas, bladder and kidney complaints, gout rheumatism, fever and age, billousness, constipation and nervous diseases are invariably overcome by the operation of this standard alternive tonic. The Key-Note of Health.

MARRIED.

MARKED.

MITCHELL—BATES—On Thursday, Aug. 5, by the Rev. Wim. Reid, William A. Mitchell to Mattle M. Bates, all of this city.

SKIDEL—SHIEBLER—In Newark, N. J., Thursday, Aug. 5, by the Rev. C. N. Sims, D. D., Wim. J. Seidel of Rochester, N. Y., to Julia Sniebler. No cards.

TYLER—GARDINER—On Aug. 5, 1875, at East Hampton, L. 1., Sarah Griswold, youngest daughter of Hon. 6, E. Gardiner of Gardiner's Island, to J. Alexander Tyler, con of the late President John Tyler of Virginia.

All Notices of Marriages must be indorsed with ful name and address.

BEACH—At Christ Church Rectory, Oswego, on the Slet of July, Catherine A. R. Beach, wife of the Rev. Dr. Amos B. Besch and daughter of the late Floyd a mith of New Yers. EERTRAND—Wednesday, Aug. 4, John Edmond Bertrand, accd 28.

BERTRAND—Wedneslay, Aug. 4, John Edmond Bettrase, aggd 28.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of his father in-law, J. K. Southworth, 239 Carroll Park, Brooklyn, N. Y., ca Saturday, 7th inst, at 2 o'clock p. m.

BENTON—Thursday, Aug. 5, 1875, Marshall F., son of the late Co. John B. B. inton, in the 38th year of his age. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his uncle, Thos. G. Beuton, No. 33 T. mpkins-place, Brooklyn, on Esturday, Aug. 7, at 1 o'clock p. m.

Suffolk, Norfolk, and Fachmond papers please copy.

CARPENTER—At Warwick, N. Y., Friday, 6th inst., Mary H., wife of E. W. Carpenter, M. D., of Brooklyn.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CLARK—At Paterson, N. J., Aug. 6, Henry Clark, in the

H., wife of E. W. Carpenter, M. D., of Brooklyn.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CLARK—At Paterson, N. J., Aug. 6, Henry Clark, in the
69th year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the
funeral from his late residence. 152 Markotst., Paterson,
N. J., oa Monday, the 9th inst., at 2 p. m.,

DRAKE—On the evening of the 4th inst., at his residence in
Newark, N. J., Commander A. Jackson Drake, U. S. N.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

GRAY—On Ang. 6, C. Valentine Gray, aced 6 months.

Funeral services to-day, at 2 p. m., at the residence of his
father, James M. Gray, No. 443 East lighty-eighth-at.

HART—Suddenly, on Thursday meraing, Hannah Florence,
infant daughter of Henry J. and Annie M. Hart, aged
months.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the
funeral from the residence of his parents, 8 Clark st., Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, at 70 c-lock.

HASBROUCK—Aug. 5, at the residence of his parents
South Orange, N. J., Frack Edward, son of Jonathan and
Elizaboth M. Hasbrouck, aged 21 years and 9 months.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, the 7to, at 10 y a. m. Carriages will be in attendance
to meet the 9:10 a. m. train from toot Barclay and Christophersia. The remains will be taken to Greekwood.

JORDAN—On Thursday, the 5th, Thomas D., son of Thomas

JORDAN—On Thursday, the 5th, Thomas D., son of Thomas D., and Thursday, the 5th, Thomas D., son of Thomas D., and Catharine A. Jordan, aged 6 years, 9 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend has funeral on Sunday, the 4th, at 1 p. m., from Bramhall-ave, near Jackson-ave., Jersey City Hights. KETCHAM-In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Friday, 6th inst. Arietia S., wife of John E. Ketcham and daughter of John L. KETCHAM—In Brocklyn, suddenly, on Frinay, but man Arletta S., wife of John E. Ketcham and daughter of John L. Colimby.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 23 Nassau at., at & o'clock, Sunday, 8th inst.

PURDY—At his late residence, No. 38 East 49th at., in this city, on Tuesdey, Aug. 3, John Purdy, in the Slat year of his are.

Puneral services will be held at Calvary Church, 21stst. and 4th ave., on Friday, the 6th inst., at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

REYNOLDS—Aug. 8. John Sylvesta Reynolds, in the 57th.

REYNOLDS-Aug. 6, John Sylvesta Reynolds, in the 576 year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
SEARS-At Newburgh, N. Y., on Friday morning, Aug. 6, 66
heart disease, Frank D., eldest son of Hector Scars, aged 23

heart disease, Frank D., eldest son of flector Sears, aged 25 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the residence of his father, 95 Gates ave., Brooklyn, on Monday, Aug. 9, at 24, p. m.

SMITH.-On Friday, Aug. 6, at the residence of his son in-law, Ellis L. Price, Reseile, N. J., Stephen Smith, late shipbuildes of New York, in the Sist year of his age.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

STEWART—At Cold Spring, L. I., on Friday, the 6th Inst., Helen Fleury, infant daughter of Charles J. and Jennie E. Stewart, aged 7 months, 25 days.

Sumeral services at 81. John's church on Sunday, 8th Inst., at 2 p. m. Carriages will be in codiness to convey friends and relatives from and to the station at Syossett. Train leaves Hunter's Foint at 9 a. m. SCOTT—August 3, 1875, after a brief fliness, Salite, wife of L. H. B. Scott and daught r of the late William Wall. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Friday morning, August 6, at 10 to oclock, from the residence of her mother, 252 Fifth ave.

TOWAR—At Scabticht, N. J., Aug., 5, 1875, of diphtheria.

of her mother, 222 Fifth ave.

TOWAR—At Seabright, N. J., Aug. 5, 1875. of diphtheria,
Margaret Asbury, only child of Thes. H. and Rosaline Bentley Towar, in the 5th year of her age.

Pumeral from the residence of her grandfather, Peter Bentley,
esq., Jersey City Highta, on Saturday, Aug. 7, at 2 o'clock.

Special Notices.

The Best Sonp in use for general household purposes is PYLE'S O. K. Speaks for itself on trial. Deshler's Pilis are the best and safest remedy for Chille Mrs. Winslew's Southing Syrup, for children teething softens the gums, silays all pain, and cures wind cells.

Removed without pain, caustic, or the kaife, by Dr. McLEISH, No. 21 East 16th at. Persons wishing to make repairs upon their houses at moderate expense can obtain the services of a first class workman, who can give good references as to honesty and capacity.

JAMES MEAGEN, No. 77 Ninth-st, Brooklyn, E. D.

JAMES SIGNALS,

Post-Office Notice.—The mails for Europe for the west enting SATURDAY, Aug. 7, 1875, will close at this office as follows: On TUESDAY at 12 m.; on WEDNESDAY at 10, on THURSDAY at 11:30 a. m.; and on SATURDAY at 8 and 11:30 a. m. Clarets and Sauterner.—From \$4.50 (good sound wind to \$30 per case, including Barton & Geustiera, Cruse Pila Lalande & Clavelle's, bottled at the Chatcaux. H. B. KIRK & Co., 69 Fulton 48.

All sufferers from the above complaints, either of re long standing, are advised to use BLAIR'S GOUT and RHRU MATIC PILLS. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been uni-versally used in Europe for many years with the greatest suc-

Established 1853.

Propaged by PROUT & HARSANT, 229 Strand, London, England. Wholesale Agenta—H. PLANTEN & SON, 228 Williams-st., New York.

Ear Discharges and Partial Denfuese Cured.
For the next thirty days Dr. HARTLEY generously office to attend all responsible persons free of charge until cured, thereby proving his skill and protecting the afflicted from being swindled by paying unprincipled pretenders exorbitant fees in

Dr. HARTLEY begs to state that he has no connection Dr. HARTLEY begs to state that he has no connected whatever with any person advertising to cure dearness, neither has he given permission for the publication of a certificate purporting to emanate from him, and cannot, therefore, be responsible for any alarming consequences resulting from rashness and desperation. The loss of money may not be material to some persons, but the depitivation of one of the most important senses ought to be regarded and treated with

more than ordinary solicitude.

Twenty-nive years' close and almost undivided attention to this branch of the profession enables han to guarantee a care in all cases where malformation does not exist. Office and residence, No. 27 West Twenty-sixthist, near Broadway, Consultation and examination free during all day and Dr. TIARTLEY is permitted to refer to parties of the highest especiability in this city and victoity.

respectability in this city and vicinity.

Advertisers desiring to guin the attention and patronage of Farmers and Agriculturists, will find THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE the most valuable and effective medium. It now reaches more farmers, and those of a bottom class, than any other weekly paper published. Advertise mones, to secure proper classification, should be handed in on the few before Newley of Issue. or before Monday of the week of issue.

Of Interest to Advertisers Yesterday the American and New-York News Compass bought of the various merning papers as follows:

Herald
TRIPUNE
Times
World It will be seen that the American News Company boug

It will be seen that the American News Company boughs considerably more THREENS than it did Worlds and Times pus together, and that the New-York News Company also boughs more THREENS than it did Worlds and Times put together. This is about a fair average comparison of the relative puschases for some months past. There has been no time this year in which the daily circulation of The TRIBUNE was not equal to the combined daily circulations of The World and Times, in which its semi-weekly circulations on The World and Times, and in which its weekly circulations of The World and Times, and in which its weekly circulations of The World and Times. On the 10th of April two of the best known as vertising agents in the country prepared the following card:

and Trace. On the 10th of April two of the best known as vertising agents in the country prepared the following card:

We the undersigned have examined the books of THE TERM UNE, the Foreman of its Press Room, the daily reports, etc., and are entirely satisfied, and do certify that the entire circulation of THE DAILY TRIBUNE for the month of March was 1,254,625 complete copies, making an average daily circulation for the month of 46,467, and that the entire circulation of THE DAILY TRIBUNE for the month of April, up to and isoluting this day, was 457,820 complete copies, making the average daily circulation for the month of April, thus fig. 50,868 complete copies.

S. M. PETTENGILL, New-York, April 10, 1875.

The figures above given remained singularly stable through

New-York, April 10, 1875. HEMAN BURK.

The figures above given remained singularly stable throng
out the past month. The average daily circulation of Tu
Thillung for the whole menth was 50,168.

The following extract from the official report of the Post master of the Oity of Now-York to the Postmaster-General giving the amount of postage paid by each paper in the mount of January, 1875, on its regular editions, cont from the Mount York Post-Office to its regular subscribers, further illustrates

the relative circulations: